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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/782,070	02/19/2004	Barbara Stephenson	23-0220	4520
40158 7	590 05/18/2005		EXAM	INER
LEONARD & PROEHL, PROF. L.L.C.			JOHNSON, JERROLD D	
3500 SOUTH FIRST AVENUE CIRCLE SUITE 250			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SIOUX FALLS	S, SD 57105		3728	
			DATE MAILED: 05/18/2009	•

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Anti-co Occurrence	10/782,070	STEPHENSON, BARBARA
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Jerrold Johnson	3728
The MAILING DATE of this communical Period for Reply	tion appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical if the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statute Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a recation. 4 reason, a reply within the statutory minimum of thind pry period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON, by statute, cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed (2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice	☐ This action is non-final. allowance except for formal matt	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the E 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to be) accepted or b) objected to on to the drawing(s) be held in abeyar e correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do	cuments have been received. cuments have been received in A the priority documents have been I Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	·	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: The drawings appear to show opaque dividers, however, this is not set forth in the specification.

Claim Objections

Claims 5 and 16 are objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 5 sets forth subject matter already set forth in independent claim 1. Claim 16, last line, "ids" should be "is". Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1, 4-6, and 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over De Witt US 2,125,856 in view of Peickert US 6,129,219.

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Re claim 1, De Witt discloses a container system capable of storing and presenting craft materials for use, comprising a transparent plastic housing, a lateral divider positioned within the housing, a plurality of longitudinal dividers, and a hingebly mounted transparent lid having an open position characterized by the lid being located rearwardly of the housing.

De Witt does not disclose a plurality of lateral dividers, or dividers having an inclined orientation.

Peickert discloses how a plurality of lateral dividers 36 are utilized in a storage container system having a housing 11 within which a plurality of cylindrical containers (vials) 14 suitable for craft materials such as beads (non-food items col. 3, line 7). The lateral dividers are disposed in the housing such that the divider walls are inclined away from a user positioned at the front of the housing during use. In col. 3, line 10, Peickert discloses that the dividers are suitable for use in either a receptacle (not shown) or a drawer (shown).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the container system of De Witt to first include a plurality of lateral dividers and second dispose the lateral dividers at an inclined orientation so that the containers of craft items could be viewed from the side, not just from the top, so as to provide quicker identification of the craft items.

Re claim 4, De Witt discloses at least on longitudinal divider.

Re claim 5, the housing of De Witt is transparent.

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Re claim 6, the size of container of De Witt is not disclosed. The size limitations of this claim have been carefully considered. However, the Examiner first notes that transparent storage boxes, such as are disclosed by De Witt have been long available in a wide variety or sizes, many with a plurality of lateral dividers to separate craft materials within the dividers. Additionally, the Examiner notes beads have commonly been stored in tubes (see extrinsic evidence "Bags vs. Tubes vs Hanks & Grams vs. Ounces" from Oct. 1999, provided herewith). Finally, the Examiner further notes that the size of the claimed container is not tied to any specific function, and that the claimed container does not function differently than the prior art device of De Witt. See Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc. MPEP 2144.04 IV. A.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have made the container system of De Witt in the sizes claimed so as to be capable of storing up to seventy-two plastic bead containers having a uniform size of 14mm by 60mm.

Re claim 13, Peickert discloses substantially cylindrical vials capable of holding beads.

Re claim 14, De Witt in view of Peickert does not disclose an opaque lateral divider.

However, no advantage or utility to this arrangement is disclosed, nor is any stated problem solved by this arrangement.

Accordingly, such an arrangement is considered to be an aesthetic choice of design. And it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have made

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the container system of De Witt in view of Peickert with opaque dividers so as to distinguish the container system in the marketplace.

Claims 2,3 and 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over De Witt US 2,125,856 in view of Peickert US 6,129,219, as set forth above, and further in view of Folsom 4,852,725.

Re claims 2 and 15, De Witt in view of Peickert does not disclose the lid abuting a top edge of the perimeter wall of the housing when the lid is in the closed position or dividers at a 45 degree angle.

Disposing a lid in such a way that the lid abuts a top edge of the perimeter wall of the housing (such that the perimeter edge of the lid and the top edge of the perimeter wall are in the same plane) when the lid is in the closed position is common in containers so as to produce an aesthetically attractive container, and Folsom discloses this arrangement.

Re claim 3, Folsom further discloses disposing lateral dividers at a 45 degree angle so as to maximize the capacity of the container.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have made the container system of De Witt in view of Peickert with the teaching of the lid abutting housing perimeter wall when closed so as to provide an aesthetically pleasing appearance for the container. It further would have been obvious to dispose the dividers at a 45 degree angle so as to maximize the capacity of the container, while still

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providing the user the ability to view the side of craft material containers (as opposed to merely the cap) disposed within the housing.

Re claim 16, please note that the claimed limitations have all been addressed previously in this Office Action.

Re claim 17, De Witt in view of Peickert and further in view of Folsom do not disclose this exact number of dividers.

However, a duplication of parts disclosed in the prior art does not render a claim patentable. Clearly, in this situation, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have made the container system of De Witt in view of Peickert and further in view of Folsom to have made a container system with any number of lateral dividers so as to provide a storage capacity for a desired number of craft containers within the storage container system.

Re claims 7-12 note the rejection of claims 1-6 and 13-17, which set forth the rejection of the claimed limitations of claim 7-12.

Allowable Subject Matter

As indicated in the conversation of May 14, 2005 that was initiated by the Examiner, and during which no agreement was made, claim 7 would be allowable if amended to include a positive recitation of the plastic bead containers having a size of 14mm by 60mm. Were the claim amended in this way, the size limitations of the

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container system would be correlated to the relationship of the size of the bead containers positively in the claim. Currently this relationship is set forth in the claims through intended use limitations only, and those intended use limitations are met by the prior art.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jerrold Johnson whose telephone number is 571-272-7141. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 to 6:00 M-F.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mickey Yu can be reached on 571-272-4562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JDJ

Mickey 90 Supervisory Patent Examiner Group 3700